

EVA

Electronic Vaccination Analysis and Forecast

About Amzi! inc.

- In business for 18 years
 - Rule-based software products
- Contract development and consulting
- Specializing in rule-based applications
 - Application-specific rule engines
 - www.amzi.com

EVA

- A software tool for encoding and deploying vaccination knowledge
- Accurately analyzes past vaccinations
- Accurately forecasts next required vaccinations
- Covers complete range of vaccines
- Quickly and Easily responds to changes and new vaccines

Software Tool for Encoding and Deploying Vaccination Knowledge

- Easy Excel-based user interface for encoding and testing vaccination knowledge
 - Hierarchies of vaccines
 - Tables for basic schedules
 - Rules for exceptions, picking tables, etc.
- Binary export that can be deployed in any computing environment
 - Web – Java, .NET, ...
 - Standalone – Java, Delphi, VB, C++, ...

Covers complete range of vaccines

- Covers all vaccines, MMRV, DTaP, Hib, ...
- Covers combination hierarchies, e.g. Measles -> MMR -> MMRV
- Deals with live virus constraints
- Handles complex late start, missed dose schedules of Hib, PCV, etc.
- Handles different types of vaccines, Hib either OMP or not, Polio IPV or OPV, etc.
- Handles complex combo vaccines, Pediarix, Twinrix, MMRV, etc.
- Seasonal vaccine schedules such as for Flu.

Complete Range of Vaccines

Vaccines				Type Families		Combination Vaccines		Synonyms	
The vaccines recognized and analyzed by the system. A vaccine might be used for retrospective analysis, or future planning or both. For example, polio includes both IPV and OPV and is used for retrospective analysis, but only IPV is used for future planning.				Families or types of vaccines needed for some analysis and planning rules. A vaccine can have multiple types or families with separate entries in this list.		Components of combination vaccines. These are the individual antigens, or other combination vaccines, that are contained in a specific combination vaccine. Note that this is also used for type families, so that Td contains DT although not strictly a combination, but not a synonym either.		Many vaccines appear in the data under different names. These are the known variations on names.	
Name	History	Basic	Planning	Vaccine	Type	Vaccine	Contains	Vaccine	Synonym
DiphtheriaTetanus	yes	yes	no	Measles	live virus	DiphtheriaTetanus	tdDT	DT	D-T
DT	no	no	yes	Mumps	live virus	DT	DiphtheriaTetanus	DTaP	D-T-P
DTaP	no	no	yes	Rubella	live virus	DTaP	DT	DTaP	DTP
DTaP_HepB_IPV	no	no	yes	Smallpox	live virus	DTaP	Pertussis	DTaP	DTaP+
DTaP_HIB_IPV	no	no	no	Varicella	live virus	DTaP_HepB_IPV	DTaP	DTaP_HepB_IPV	Pediarix(tm)
HepA	yes	yes	yes	Rotavirus	live virus	DTaP_HepB_IPV	HepB	DTaP_HepB_IPV	DTaP-HepB-IPV+
HepA_HepB	no	no	no			DTaP_HepB_IPV	IPV	DTaP_HIB	DTaP/HIB
HepatitisB	yes	yes	no			DTaP_HIB	DTaP	DTaP_HIB	DTP/HIB
HepB	no	no	yes			DTaP_HIB	HIB	DTaP_HIB_IPV	DTaP-HIB-IPV
HepB_2Dose	no	no	yes			DTaP_HIB_IPV	DTaP	HepA	Hepatitis A
HIB	yes	yes	no			DTaP_HIB_IPV	Hib	HepA	HepA 2dose
HIB_HepB	no	no	yes			TaP_HIB_IPV	IPV	HepA	HepA Adult
HIB_nonOMP	no	no	yes			epA_HepB	HepA	HepA	HepA 3dose
HIB_OMP	no	no	yes			epA_HepB	HepB	HepA	HepA Ped.NOS
HPV	yes	yes	yes			epB	HepatitisB	HepA	HepA Adult.NOS
Influenza	yes	yes	yes			epB_2Dose	HepatitisB	HepA_HepB	Twinrix
IPV	no	no	yes			IB_HepB	HIB_OMP	HepA_HepB	HepA/HepB
MCV4	yes	no	yes			IB_HepB	HepB	HepatitisB	Hepatitis B
Measles	yes	yes	yes			IB_nonOMP	HIB	HepatitisB	HepB Dialysis
Meningococcal	yes	yes	yes			IB_OMP	HIB	HepatitisB	HepB Dialysis-1
Meningococcal_C	no	no	no			IPV	Polio	HepatitisB	HepB.NOS
Menomune	yes	no	yes			MCV4	Meningococcal	HepatitisB	HepB_Adult
MMR	yes	no	yes			Meningococcal_C	Meningococcal	HepB_2Dose	HepB_2Dose
MMRV	yes	no	yes			Menomune	Meningococcal	HIB_HepB	COMVAX(tm)
Mumps	yes	yes	yes			MMR	Measles	HIB_HepB	PRP-OMP & Hep B
OPV	no	no	no			MMR	Mumps	HIB_HepB	HepB/HIB
PCV	no	no	yes			MMR	Rubella	HIB_nonOMP	HbOC
Pertussis	no	yes	no			MMRV	MMR	HIB_nonOMP	PRP-T
Pneumococcal	yes	yes	no			MMRV	Varicella	HIB_nonOMP	PRP-D
Polio	yes	yes	no			OPV	Polio	HIB_nonOMP	HIB NOS
Rotavirus	yes	yes	yes			Rubella/Mumps	Rubella	HIB_nonOMP	HIB-HbOC
Rubella	yes	yes	yes			Rubella/Mumps	Mumps	HIB_nonOMP	HIB-PRP-T
Synagis	yes	yes	yes			Td	tdBooster	HIB_nonOMP	HIB-PRP-D
Td	no	no	yes			Tdap	Pertussis	HIB_nonOMP	HibTITER(tm)
Tdap	no	no	yes			Tdap	tdBooster	HIB_nonOMP	ActHib(tm)
tdBooster	yes	yes	yes			tdBooster	tdDT	HIB_nonOMP	ProHIBIT(tm)
tdDT	no	no	no			PCV	Pneumococcal	HIB_OMP	HIB_OMP

Full list of
vaccines
handled

Handles Combo Vaccine Hierarchies

Vaccines				Type Families		Combination Vaccines		Synonyms	
The vaccines recognized and analyzed by the system. A vaccine might be used for retrospective analysis, or future planning or both. For example, polio includes both IPV and OPV and is used for retrospective analysis, but only IPV is used for future planning.				Families or types of vaccines needed for some analysis and planning rules. A vaccine can have multiple types or families with separate entries in this list.		Components of combination vaccines. These are the individual antigens, or other combination vaccines, that are contained in a specific combination vaccine. Note that this is also used for type families, so that Td contains DT although not strictly a combination, but not a synonym either.		Many vaccines appear in the data under different names. These are the known variations on names.	
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DT	no	no	yes	Mumps	live virus	DT	DiphtheriaTetanus	DTaP	D-T-P
DTaP	no	no	yes	Rubella	live virus	DTaP	DT	DTaP	DTP
DTaP_HepB_IPV	no	no	yes	Smallpox	live virus	DTaP	Pertussis	DTaP	DTaP+
DTaP_HIB_IPV	no	no	no	Varicella	live virus	DTaP_HepB_IPV	DTaP	DTaP_HepB_IPV	Pediarix(tm)
HepA	yes	yes	yes	Rotavirus	live virus	DTaP_HepB_IPV	HepB	DTaP_HepB_IPV	DTaP-HepB-IPV+
HepA_HepB	no	no	no			DTaP_HepB_IPV	IPV	DTaP_HIB	DTaP/HIB
HepatitisB	yes	yes	no			DTaP_HIB	DTaP	DTaP_HIB	DTP/HIB
HepB	no	no	yes			DTaP_HIB	HIB	DTaP_HIB_IPV	DTaP-HIB-IPV
HepB_2Dose	no	no	yes			DTaP_HIB_IPV	DTaP	HepA	Hepatitis A
HIB	yes	yes	no			DTaP_HIB_IPV	Hib	HepA	HepA 2dose
HIB_HepB	no	no	yes			DTaP_HIB_IPV	IPV	HepA	HepA Adult
HIB_nonOMP	no	no	yes			HepA_HepB	HepA	HepA	HepA 3dose
HIB_OMP	no	no	yes			HepA_HepB	HepB	HepA	HepA Ped.NOS
HPV	yes	yes	yes			HepB	HepatitisB	HepA	HepA Adult.NOS
Influenza	yes	yes	yes			HepB_2Dose	HepatitisB	HepA_HepB	Twinrix
IPV	no	no	yes			HIB_HepB	HIB_OMP	HepA_HepB	HepA/HepB
MCV4	yes	no	yes			HIB_HepB	HepB	HepatitisB	Hepatitis B
Measles	yes	yes	yes			HIB_nonOMP	HIB	HepatitisB	HepB Dialysis
Meningococcal	yes	yes	yes			HIB_OMP	HIB	HepatitisB	HepB Dialysis-1
Meningococcal_C	no	no	no			IPV	Polio	HepatitisB	HepB.NOS
Menomune	yes	no	yes			MCV4	Meningococcal	HepatitisB	HepB_Adult
MMR	yes	no	yes			Meningococcal_C	Meningococcal	HepB_2Dose	HepB_2Dose
MMRV	yes	no	yes			Menomune	Meningococcal	HIB_HepB	COMVAX(tm)
Mumps	yes	yes	yes			MMR	Measles	HIB_HepB	PRP-OMP & Hep B
OPV	no	no	no			MMR	Mumps	HIB_HepB	HepB/HIB
PCV	no	no	yes			MMR	Rubella	HIB_nonOMP	HbOC
Pertussis	no	yes	no			MMRV	MMR	HIB_nonOMP	PRP-T
Pneumococcal	yes	yes	no			MMRV	Varicella	HIB_nonOMP	PRP-D
Polio	yes	yes	no			OPV	Polio	HIB_nonOMP	HIB NOS
Rotavirus	yes	yes	yes			Rubella/Mumps	Rubella	HIB_nonOMP	HIB-HbOC
Rubella	yes	yes	yes			Rubella/Mumps	Mumps	HIB_nonOMP	HIB-PRP-T
Synagis	yes	yes	yes			Td	tdBooster	HIB_nonOMP	HIB-PRP-D
Td	no	no	yes			Tdap	Pertussis	HIB_nonOMP	HibTITER(tm)
Tdap	no	no	yes			Tdap	tdBooster	HIB_nonOMP	ActHib(tm)
tdBooster	yes	yes	yes			tdBooster	tdDT	HIB_nonOMP	ProHIBIT(tm)
tdDT	no	no	no			tdDT		HIB_OMP	HIB_OMP

Note the nested hierarchy used to define the MMRV family

Each Vaccine has a Worksheet

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Excel interface in Compatibility Mode. The active worksheet is titled 'MMR'. The formula bar shows the formula: `mmr_ok = "true" WHEN deferred["MMR"] = "no" AND valid_count["Measles"] = ?vcm AND valid_count["Mumps"] = ?vcm AND valid_count["Rubella"] = ?vcm`. The worksheet contains a table with the following data:

Dose	Minimum Age	Minimum Interval	Recommended 1	Recommended 2	Grace Period
1	1 years	0 days	1 years	16 months	4 days
2	13 months	4 weeks	4 years	7 years	4 days

Below the table, there are several rows of logic rules for the MMR vaccine, including conditions for deferred status, completion, and next dose calculation.

A vaccine worksheet has schedule tables

And rules for when and how to apply schedules

DTaP Worksheet Schedule

C	D	E	F	G	H	I
	MMWR 2002 Feb 08					
	Dose	Minimum Age	Minimum Interval	Recommended 1	Recommended 2	Grace Period
	1	6 weeks	0 days	2 months	3 months	4 days
	2	10 weeks	4 weeks	4 months	5 months	4 days
	3	14 weeks	4 weeks	6 months	7 months	4 days
	4	12 months	6 months	15 months	19 months	4 days
	5	4 years	6 months	4 years	7 years	4 days

Complex Hib non-OMP schedules

Normal Schedule					
Dose	Minimum Age	Minimum Interval	Recommended 1	Recommended 2	Grace Period
1	6 weeks	0 days	2 months	3 months	4 days
2	10 weeks	4 weeks	4 months	5 months	4 days
3	14 weeks	4 weeks	6 months	7 months	4 days
4	12 months	8 weeks	15 months	16 months	4 days
Late Start Schedules					
Dose	Minimum Age	Minimum Interval	Recommended 1	Recommended 2	Grace Period
1	2 months	0 days	2 months	7 months	4 days
2	0 months	4 weeks	4 months	5 months	4 days
3	0 months	4 weeks	6 months	7 months	4 days
4	12 months	8 weeks	12 months	16 months	4 days
Dose	Minimum Age	Minimum Interval	Recommended 1	Recommended 2	Grace Period
1	7 months	0 days	7 months	12 months	4 days
2	0 months	4 weeks	9 months	10 months	4 days
3	12 months	8 weeks	12 months	19 months	4 days
Dose	Minimum Age	Minimum Interval	Recommended 1	Recommended 2	Grace Period
1	12 months	0 days	12 months	15 months	4 days
2	12 months + 8 weeks	8 weeks	14 months	19 months	4 days
Dose	Minimum Age	Minimum Interval	Recommended 1	Recommended 2	Grace Period
1	15 months	0 days	15 months	5 years	4 days
Interrupted Schedules					
Dose	Minimum Age	Minimum Interval	Recommended 1	Recommended 2	Grace Period
3	7 months	8 weeks	7 months	12 months	4 days
4	12 months	8 weeks	12 months	16 months	4 days
Dose	Minimum Age	Minimum Interval	Recommended 1	Recommended 2	Grace Period
3	12 months	8 weeks	12 months	16 months	4 days

DTaP Rules for Series Completion

16		<pre> deferred["DTaP"] <> "no" status = "complete" AND comment = "Complete 4 dose pediatric Diphtheria Tetanus Pertussis schedule. The last dose was received after 4 years of age." AND citation = "DHS DTaP 2003 March" AND nextdose = "" AND mindate = "" AND recdate1 = "" AND recdate2 = "" WHEN valid_count["DT"] >= 4 AND last_dose["DT"] >= birthdate + 4 years </pre>	
17		<pre> status = "complete" AND comment = "Complete five dose DTaP schedule." AND citation = "DHS DTaP 2003 March" AND nextdose = "" AND mindate = "" AND recdate1 = "" AND recdate2 = "" WHEN valid_count["DT"] >= 5 </pre>	
18		<pre> status = "complete" AND comment = "No more than 6 DTaP doses should be given by age 7." AND citation = "DHS DTaP 2003 March" AND nextdose = "" AND mindate = "" AND recdate1 = "" AND recdate2 = "" WHEN valid_count["DT"] >= 6 AND last_dose["DT"] < birthdate + 7 years </pre>	
19		<pre> status = "complete" AND comment = "DTaP catch-up schedule complete when 3rd dose given after 7 years of age." AND citation = "DHS Td 2003 March" AND nextdose = "" AND mindate = "" AND recdate1 = "" AND recdate2 = "" WHEN valid_count["DT"] >= 3 AND last_dose["DT"] >= birthdate + 7 years </pre>	
20		<pre> status = "complete" AND comment = "DTaP not indicated after 7 years of age. If needed use Td. After 10 years old use Boostrix Tdap." AND citation = "VL2" AND nextdose = "" AND mindate = "" AND recdate1 = "" AND recdate2 = "" WHEN age >= 7 years </pre>	
21		<pre> # status = 'not applicable' AND </pre>	

Hib non-OMP Rules for Selecting an Interrupted Schedule

47	there were enough doses but some were given too soon.
48	interrupted = "7-11 months, 1 prior" WHEN Hib:use_PRP_OMP AND age >= 7 months AND age < 12 months AND full_count["HIB_OMP"] = 1
49	interrupted = "7-11 months, 2 prior" WHEN NOT Hib:use_PRP_OMP AND age >= 7 months AND age < 12 months AND full_count["Hib"] = 2 AND first_dose["Hib"] >= birthdate + 7 months
50	interrupted = "12-14 months, 2 prior" WHEN age >= 12 months AND age < 15 months AND full_count["Hib"] = 2 AND last_dose["Hib"] < birthdate + 12 months
51	interrupted = "12-14 months, 1 prior" WHEN age >= 12 months AND age < 15 months AND full_count["Hib"] = 1 AND last_dose["Hib"] < birthdate + 12 months
52	interrupted = "missing schedule" WHEN NOT Hib:use_PRP_OMP AND full_count["Hib"] <= 2 AND age >= 7 months AND age < 12 months
53	interrupted = "not interrupted"
54	

Input Data

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1							
2	Client Data	ID	BirthDate	Gender	TestDate	Vaccines	Comment
3		test782	5/12/2007		7/15/2009	all	
4							
5							
6	Indicators	Vaccine	Indicator	Date			
7		*					
8							
9							
10	Vaccinations	Vaccination	VaccinationDate				
11		DTaP	7/12/2007				
12		DTaP	8/12/2007				
13		DTaP	3/23/2008				
14		DTaP	5/28/2008				
15		HIB-PRP-T	7/18/2007				
16		HIB-PRP-T	10/3/2007				
17		HIB-PRP-T	6/12/2008				
18		HepB	7/18/2007				
19		HepB	10/3/2007				
20		HepB	6/12/2008				
21		IPV	7/18/2007				
22		IPV	10/3/2007				
23		IPV	11/23/2007				
24		MMR	10/28/2008				
25		PCV	7/18/2007				
26		PCV	10/3/2007				
27		PCV	11/23/2007				
28		PCV	6/12/2008				
29		Var	10/30/2008				
30		FLU - 6-35m pf	11/23/2007				
31		FLU - 6-35m pf	10/28/2008				
32		*					
33							
34	Age	2 years 2 months 3 days					
35							

The development environment has a full testing capability. This test case has faults in the DTaP and Varicella vaccinations.

Accurately analyzes past vaccinations

- Within recommended ranges
- Early but OK
- Late but OK
- Too early to count
- Doctor exempted
- Redundant
- Extra

Output Historical Analysis

Calculated History	Vaccination	Dose	DateGiven	Status	Comment	AgeGiven
	DiphtheriaTetanus	1	7/12/2007	OK	Recommended age range	2 months
	DiphtheriaTetanus	2	8/12/2007	OK	Minimum Interval	3 months
	DiphtheriaTetanus	3	3/23/2008	OK	After recommended range	10 months 11 days
	DiphtheriaTetanus	X4	5/28/2008	X	Before min. interval	1 year 16 days
	HepatitisB	1	7/18/2007	OK	Recommended age range	2 months 6 days
	HepatitisB	2	10/3/2007	OK	Recommended age range	4 months 3 weeks
	HepatitisB	3	6/12/2008	OK	Recommended age range	1 year 1 month
	HIB	1	7/18/2007	OK	Recommended age range	2 months 6 days
	HIB	2	10/3/2007	OK	Recommended age range	4 months 3 weeks
	HIB	3	6/12/2008	OK	After recommended range	1 year 1 month
	Influenza	1	11/23/2007	OK	Recommended age range	6 months 11 days
	Influenza	2	10/28/2008	OK	Recommended age range	1 year 5 months 16 days
	Measles	1	10/28/2008	OK	After recommended range	1 year 5 months 16 days
	MMR	1	10/28/2008	OK	After recommended range	1 year 5 months 16 days
	Mumps	1	10/28/2008	OK	After recommended range	1 year 5 months 16 days
	Pneumococcal	1	7/18/2007	OK	Recommended age range	2 months 6 days
	Pneumococcal	2	10/3/2007	OK	Recommended age range	4 months 3 weeks
	Pneumococcal	3	11/23/2007	OK	Recommended age range	6 months 11 days
	Pneumococcal	4	6/12/2008	OK	Recommended age range	1 year 1 month
	Polio	1	7/18/2007	OK	Recommended age range	2 months 6 days
	Polio	2	10/3/2007	OK	Recommended age range	4 months 3 weeks
	Polio	3	11/23/2007	OK	Recommended age range	6 months 11 days
	Rubella	1	10/28/2008	OK	After recommended range	1 year 5 months 16 days
	Varicella	X1	10/30/2008	X	Before min. live virus interval	1 year 5 months 18 days

Accurately forecasts next required vaccinations

- Status
 - Complete
 - Due
 - Eligible (not due yet, but OK to give)
 - Current
 - Behind
- Optimal range for next dose
- Earliest date for next dose
- Comments about dose, reflecting issues related to combo vaccines etc.
- Citations for recommendation

Output Forecast Plan

119									
120	Calculated Plan	Vaccination	Status	Dose	Earliest	Optimal Start	Optimal End	Citation	Comment
121		DTaP	behind	4	11/28/2008	11/28/2008	12/12/2008	MMWR 2002 Feb 08	On standard DTaP schedule.
122					1 year 6 months 16 days	1 year 6 months 16 days	1 year 7 months		
123		Varicella	behind	1	11/27/2008	11/27/2008	11/27/2008	MMWR 2002 Feb 08	Varicella due.
124					1 year 6 months 15 days	1 year 6 months 15 days	1 year 6 months 15 days		
125		HepA	due	1	5/12/2008	5/12/2008	5/12/2107	VL2	HepA recommended for travel for those living in areas where recommended.
126					1 year	1 year	100 years		
127		Measles	eligible	2	11/27/2008	5/12/2011	5/12/2014	MMWR 2002 Feb 08	MMR: On standard schedule.
128					1 year 6 months 15 days	4 years	7 years		
129		MMR	eligible	2	11/27/2008	5/12/2011	5/12/2014	MMWR 2002 Feb 08	On standard schedule.
130					1 year 6 months 15 days	4 years	7 years		
131		Mumps	eligible	2	11/27/2008	5/12/2011	5/12/2014	MMWR 2002 Feb 08	MMR: On standard schedule.
132					1 year 6 months 15 days	4 years	7 years		
133		Influenza	current	3	10/1/2009	10/1/2009	3/31/2010	VL2	Second influenza is recommended.
134					2 years 4 months 19 days	2 years 4 months 19 days	2 years 10 months 19 days		
135		IPV	current	4	5/12/2011	5/12/2011	5/12/2014	VL2	On standard polio vaccine schedule.
136					4 years	4 years	7 years		
137		HepB	complete					VL2	Series complete. Patient has received 3 valid doses.
138									
139		HIB_nonOMP	complete					VL2	Series Complete. Booster received after 12 months of primary series.
140									
141		PCV	complete					VL2	PCV series is complete.
142									
143		Rubella	complete					VL2	Rubella complete when 1 valid dose given.
144									

Quickly and Easily responds to changes and new vaccines

- Initial coding of all vaccines took less than one month
- Changes since then include:
 - Rotavirus – added in less than half hour (a new vaccine)
 - HPV – added in less than an hour (required adding gender as a field for reasoning)
 - MMRV – around 15 minutes (built on existing MMR and Varicella rules)

Adding MMRV

Step 1:
Add to
list of
vaccines

Step 2:
Define
MMRV
components

Clipboard Font

129 f_x

C D E

Vaccines

Meningococcal C	no	no	no
Menomune	yes	no	yes
MMR	yes	no	yes
MMRV	yes	no	yes
Mumps	yes	yes	yes

J K L

Combination Vaccines

Components of combination vaccines. These are the

Menomune	Meningococcal
MMR	Measles
MMR	Mumps
MMR	Rubella
MMRV	MMR
MMRV	Varicella
OPV	Polio

xls [Compatibility Mode]

A B C

MMRV

inherit from VacLogic

schedule[?dose, ?col] = MMR:schedule[?dose, ?col]

mmrv_ok = "true" WHEN
MMR: mmr_ok = "true" AND
deferred["Varicella"] = "no" AND
valid_count["Varicella"] = valid_count["MMR"]

status = "doctor deferred" AND
comment = deferred["MMRV"] AND
nextdose = "" AND mindate = "" AND reccdate1 = "" AND reccdate2 = "" AND
citation = "ep"
WHEN
deferred["MMRV"] <> "no"

status = "not applicable" AND
comment = "MMRV not applicable when MMR and V not on same schedule"
AND
mindate = "" AND reccdate1 = "" AND reccdate2 = "" AND nextdose = "" AND
citation = ""
WHEN
mmrv_ok <> "true"

status = "compute" AND
nextdose = ?dose AND
mindate = MAXIMUM([last_dose["live virus"] + 4 weeks,
birthdate + schedule[?dose, "Minimum Age"]]) AND
reccdate1 = MAXIMUM([last_dose["live virus"] + 4 weeks,
birthdate + schedule[?dose, "Recommended 1"]]) AND
reccdate2 = MAXIMUM([last_dose["live virus"] + 4 weeks,
birthdate + schedule[?dose, "Recommended 2"]]) AND
comment = "On standard schedule." AND
citation = "MMWR 2002 Feb 08"
WHEN
mmrv_ok = "true" AND
?dose = valid_count["Varicella"] + 1

Influenza MMRV MMR Measles Mumps Rubella Vari

Step 3:
Create new
worksheet

MMRV Rules:

Use the same
schedule as MMR.

Use when MMR is
OK and Varicella
count is same as
MMR count.

Use the schedule
separations or last
live virus
separation.

Adding Rotavirus

Vaccines					Type Families	
The vaccines recognized and analyzed by the system. A vaccine might be used for retrospective analysis, or future planning or both. For example, polio includes both IPV and OPV and is used for retrospective analysis, but only IPV is used for future planning.					Families or types of vaccines needed for some analysis and planning rules. A vaccine can have multiple types or families with separate entries in this list.	
Name	History	Basic	Planning		Vaccine	Type
DiphtheriaTetanus	yes	yes	no		Measles	live virus
DT	no	no	yes		Mumps	live virus
DTaP	yes	yes	yes		Rubella	live virus
Polio	yes	yes	no		Smallpox	live virus
Rotavirus	yes	yes	yes		Varicella	live virus
Rubella	yes	yes	yes		Rotavirus	live virus

Step 1:
Add to list
of vaccines

Step 2:
Define as a live virus
vaccine

Step 3:
Add the schedule and rules
to a new worksheet

Rotavirus						
Inherit from VacLogic						
RArray: schedule[?..?] Rotavirus[D5:18]						
status = "doctor deferred" AND comment = deferred["Rotavirus"] AND citation = "NIZ" AND nextdose = "" AND mdate = "" AND redate1 = "" AND redate2 = "" WHEN deferred["Rotavirus"] < "no" status = "not applicable" AND nextdose = "" AND mdate = "" AND redate1 = "" AND redate2 = "" AND citation = "EP" AND comment = "Do not start Rotavirus vaccine series after 3 months of age." WHEN age > 3 months AND full_count["Rotavirus"] < 1 status = "not applicable" AND nextdose = "" AND mdate = "" AND redate1 = "" AND redate2 = "" AND citation = "Merck RotaTeq Feb 2006" AND comment = "Rotavirus should not be given after 8 months of age." WHEN age > 8 months status = "complete" AND nextdose = "" AND mdate = "" AND redate1 = "" AND redate2 = "" AND citation = "Merck RotaTeq Feb 2006" AND comment = "Three doses of Rotavirus vaccine is a complete series." WHEN full_count["Rotavirus"] >= 3 WHEN ?dose = valid_count["Rotavirus"] + 1 AND ?minIntDate = last_dose["live virus"] + 4 weeks THEN status = "complete" AND nextdose = ?dose AND mdate = MAXIMUM[?minIntDate, birthdate + schedule[?dose, "Minimum Age"]] AND redate1 = MAXIMUM[?minIntDate, birthdate + schedule[?dose, "Recommended 1"]] AND redate2 = MAXIMUM[?minIntDate, birthdate + schedule[?dose, "Recommended 2"]] AND citation = "Merck RotaTeq Feb 2006" AND comment = "On standard Rotavirus vaccine schedule."						

Rotavirus rules:

Not applicable if not started by 3 months or not finished by 8 months.

Complete if three valid doses.

Use schedule for separations or live virus constraint.

Accurate

- Easily vetted by vaccine experts who can read the rules directly without programmer intervention
- Citations available for all rules
- Full testing capability in Excel-based tool
- Libraries of test cases, with expected results, stored for automatic analysis of the effects of any changes

Deploy Anywhere

- Windows and/or Unix
- C++, VB, Delphi, Java, .NET, ...
- Uses XML for inputs and outputs

Simple Deployment Example

- Runs in Delphi using binary export from development environment
- Takes vaccination inputs
- Outputs raw XML historical analysis
- Outputs forecast plan as a list of lists

The screenshot shows a software application window titled "in". It contains several input fields and a table. At the top left, there is a dropdown menu with the value "5555". To its right are two date fields: "Birth Date:" with the value "date(1998, 01, 01)" and "Test Date:" with the value "date(2003, 03, 15)". Below the dropdown is a "Query" button. To the right of the "Query" button is a table with two columns: "Vaccination" and "Date". The table contains five rows of data:

Vaccination	Date
HepB/HIB	date(1998, 02, 17)
HepB/HIB	date(1998, 04, 21)
HepB/HIB	date(1999, 04, 09)
DTaP	date(1998, 03, 03)
DTaP	date(1998, 05, 14)

Below the table is a "History:" section containing a large text area with XML data. The XML is partially visible and includes tags like <originalName>, <dose>, <status>, <vaccine>, <group>, <history>, <comment>, <status>, <stptimal2>, <citation>, <v2>, <comment>. Below the history section is a "Plan:" section containing a large text area with a list of vaccination plans. The list includes entries for Measles, MMR, MMRV, Mumps, and Rubella, with details about the schedule and status.

EVA

- The perfect tool for vaccination analysis and forecast
- Handles the most complex scenarios
- Yet easily updated for constantly changing vaccines and combinations
- Knowledge can be read and maintained directly by vaccine experts, not programmers
- Knowledge can be easily deployed in any computing environment